



Handwritten: 2260 4/4/13

The Mysore Gazette.

Vol. 48.]

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

[No. 14.

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1913.

Separate paging is given to the Parts in order that they may be filed as distinct compilations.

CONTENTS.

	PAGES.
PART I.—Notifications by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, in their several Departments	364—398
PART II.—Notifications by the several officers of the Judicial, Revenue, Education Municipal and Local Funds, Financial, and Miscellaneous Departments, Public and Private Advertisements	448—470
PART IV.—Official Papers—Containing Season Reports, Prices Current, Meteorological Observation, List of Medals awarded at the Mysore Dasara Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition, 1912, Rainfall Table, Mortuary Register and Abstract of Plague and Cholera cases for the week ending 28th March 1913	342—393

PART I.

Notifications by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE.

No. 7852—San. 6-12-121, dated 2nd April 1913.

The following notification of the Madras Government is republished for general information :—

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

Notification.

Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Conjeevaram in the Conjeevaram Taluk of the Chingleput District, if persons from the infected portions of the North Arcot, Coimbatore, Salem and Bellary Districts, the Mysore State and other parts declared to be infected with plague are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Sri Devarajaswami Brahmotsavam festival:

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits the attendance at the said festival, from the 14th to 27th

May 1913, inclusive, of persons from the said parts, and further directs that between the said dates no tickets to travel by railway shall be sold at the stations of Gudupalli, Kuppam, Mulanur, Patchur, Jalarpet, Kethandapatti, Mailpatti, Velathur, Gudiyattam, Kavanur, Virinchipuram, Latteri, Katpadi, Bommasamudram, Gadiganur and Hospet on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway and the stations of Podanur, Karaimadai, Avannashi Road, Tiruppur, Tottipalyam, Kagankarai, Krishnagiri, Kandikuppam, Bargur, Periakandli, Periyagaram, Tirupattur, Vellore Fort, Vellore Cantonment, Kaniyambadi, Arni, Madimangalam and Polur on the South Indian Railway for the stations of Arkonam, Pallur, Injambakkam, Conjeevaram, Nattapetti, Walajabad, Pazhayasivaram, Villiambakkam, Attur and Chingleput on the South Indian Railway and Arkonam on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, to any person intending or believed to be intending to be present at the said festival.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back.

No. 7851—San. 6-12-120; dated 2nd April 1913.

It is hereby notified for general information that the attendance of persons from plague-infected areas at the fairs and festivals noted below has been prohibited by the Madras Government:—

Name of festival or fair	Place	Taluk	District	Period of restriction		Reference
				From	To	
Nadubhuvi festival of Sri Devanajawami,	Aiyangurukulam.	Conjeevaram	Chingleput	16th to 24th April 1913 (inclusive).		Memo No. 526—P., dated 28th March 1913, from the First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.
Manikkarayaswami car festival and cattle fair.	Punganur in the Punganur Division.	Chittoor	18th May to 5th June 1913 (inclusive).		Do No. 528—P., dated 28th March 1913.
Car festival of the Hiriadku Virabhadra temple.	Bommaribetta	Udipi	South Canara	13th to 24th April 1913 (inclusive).		Do No. 530—P., dated 28th March 1913.

No. 7853—San. 1-12-58, dated 2nd April 1913.

It is hereby notified for general information that the places mentioned hereunder, will be deemed to be infected areas for the purposes of the Regulations issued with notifications Nos. 9383—Mis. F. 21-96 and 9384—Mis. F. 21-96, dated 10th February 1898, under the Epidemic Diseases Regulation:—

Name of place	Taluk	District
Malligere	Chiknayakanhalli	Tumkur
Handalagere	Kunigal	
Mylandahalli	Kolar	Kolar
Kamdenahalli		
Yalachipura		
Kuthandahalli	Malur	Do
Yasavanthapura		
Kadarenahalli	Goribidnur	Do

No. G. 292—G. M. 51-11-1, dated 13th July 1911.

It is hereby notified for general information that applications for appointments in the State Service should be drawn up on printed copies of the form appended below. Applications not complying with this requirement are liable to be overlooked.

APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT.

To

SIR,

I beg to tender this my application for appointment and state the following particulars. Specimens of my handwriting in English and Kanarese, on half sheets of paper, foolscap size, are annexed hereto together with copies of my testimonials.

I am your obedient servant,
(Signature)

- | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) Name | (9) Personal claims (such as by services rendered in acting or temporary appointments, etc.) |
| (2) Approximate date of birth | (10) Qualifications such as examinations passed, etc. |
| (3) Father's name | (11) Other particulars which the applicant wishes to state. |
| (4) Caste, sect, etc. | |
| (5) Residence and address | |
| (6) Present occupation and salary, if any | |
| (7) What post is sought | |
| (8) Claims by relationship to past or existing servants of the State. | |

No. 7595—L. B. 232-12-3, dated 27th March 1913.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a Musafirkhana at Chintamani and under Sections 7 and 3 (c) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Malur Sub-Division is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land:—

District—Kolar.

Taluk—Chintamani.

Hobli—Chintamani.

Village—Chintamani.

Name of khatedar—Anemadagu Venkatamma.

Survey No.—12.

Dry, wet or garden—Dry.

Total extent—2 acres and 31 guntas.

Remaining extent—2 acres and 31 guntas.

Assessment—Rs. 5.

Extent now required—

Extent—2 acres and 31 guntas.

Assessment—Rs. 5.

Boundaries—

East—Survey No. 31.

West—Ramakunte feeder channel.

North—Shandy compound.

South—Survey No. 32.

No. 7679—Ml. 24-12-20, dated 28th March 1913.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906 and the Rules framed thereunder, the following Gentlemen are elected, appointed or reappointed as Municipal Councillors of the Nanjangud Town:—

Councillors.

Section 10 (1) (a), elected.

A. Division.—

1. Mr. A. Rama Rao, Schoolmaster and Landholder.

B. Division.—

2. Mr. B. Subba Rao, Pleader.

3. „ Venkatanaranappa, Schoolmaster and Landholder.

C. Division.—

4. Mr. Bandaiya, Sowcar.

D. Division.—

5. Mr. Papanna, Sowcar.

Nominated Councillors.

Section 10 (1) (b) (i).

6. Mr. Venkatasamaiya, B.A., B.L., Advocate and Landholder.

7. „ Ahmad Sab, Sowcar.

8. „ Nanjunda Aradhya, Pleader and Landholder.

9. „ Srinivasa Setty, Sowcar.

10. „ Guru Rao, Pleader and Landholder.

Section 10 (1) (b) (ii).

11. The Sub-Division Officer, Nanjangud Division, President.

12. Amildar, Nanjangud, Vice-President.

13. Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Nanjangud.

14. The Assistant Engineer, Nanjangud.

15. The Sub-Registrar, Nanjangud.

No. J. 2916—Legis. 35-12-1, dated 31st March 1913.

Under Sub-section 2 of Section 4 of the Mysore Legislative Council Regulation, I of 1907, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to nominate Rajasabhabhushana Dewan Bahadur Mr. K. P. Puttanna Chetty, retired Councillor, as an Additional non-official Member of the Mysore Legislative Council.

No. 7629—Med. 5-12-4, dated 27th March 1913.

The following memorandum prepared by the Director of the Pasteur Institute, Coonoor, for the use of patients proceeding to that Institute for treatment is published for general information:—

MEMORANDUM OF INFORMATION FOR THE GUIDANCE OF
PATIENTS PROCEEDING TO COONOR FOR ANTI-RABIC
TREATMENT AT THE PASTEUR INSTITUTE.

Coonoor is situated on the Nilgiri Hills about 6,000 feet above sea-level and can be reached by the Nilgiri Railway from Mettupalaiyam in about three hours.

2. Mettupalaiyam is on the south-west branch of the South Indian Railway and is easily accessible from all parts of Southern India. The institute is about a mile from the Coonoor railway station.

3. *Climate*.—The temperature of Coonoor ranges between 60° F. and 75° F. from March to September and between 40° F. and 60° F. from October to February.

4. The rainfall is about 70 inches, the greater part being received during the north-east monsoon in October, November and December.

5. Persons coming from the plains require fairly warm but not heavy clothing and bedding. Indigent Indian patients will be supplied with blankets.

6. *Accommodation*.—There are several hotels and boarding-houses which are open all the year round and also a residential club.

(a) Europeans and Eurasians are not accommodated at the institute but must make their own arrangements for board and lodging about which there is no difficulty. Persons who cannot afford hotel rates can find inexpensive lodgings in the town within three-quarters of a mile of the institute.

(b) Well-to-do Indians can find houses in convenient situations and others can arrange for lodging and meals in the town. Indigent patients are accommodated in the free quarters in the institute compound and will be provided with blankets and cooking pots.

(c) British soldiers and their families stay in the sanitarium at Wellington and are sent daily to the institute in a tonga.

(d) Soldiers of Indian regiments will be accommodated in tents in the institute compound.

7. Patients who are sent by or at the expense of private employers, friends or other private persons or associations should be provided by them with the cost of their return journey and also with sufficient money to pay for their food during the course of treatment, which lasts 14 days. If desired, money for these purposes may be sent to the Director of the institute, and this course is strongly recommended in the case of menial servants and illiterate or other irresponsible people.

8. *Treatment*.—Patients should proceed to Coonoor as soon as possible after being bitten. All treatment at the institute is free but patients in a position to do so are expected to contribute something towards its upkeep. The course of treatment lasts 14 days and patients are not laid up but can go about as usual having regard to the rules of life recommended. Patients should always endeavour to bring with them the brain of the animal that bit them, one-half in pure glycerine and the other half in a mixture containing 3 per cent of bichromate of potash and 5 per cent glacial acetic acid in distilled water.

Rules for the grant of concessions to Government servants and to indigent persons not employed in the public service to enable them, when bitten by rabid animals, to proceed to the Pasteur Institute at Coonoor for treatment.

I.—CONCESSIONS TO GOVERNMENT SERVANTS.

1. "Government servant" in these rules means a Government servant paid from Imperial or Provincial funds or from Port and Marine funds administered by Government, but does not include a Government servant on foreign service or in Municipal or Local Fund service.

2. Any Government servant who has been bitten by a rabid animal and who is too poor to proceed to Coonoor at his own expense may, provided that he is drawing not more than Rs. 100 a month, be granted—

(i) His actual travelling expenses to Coonoor and back, *viz.*, (a) a single fare each way by railway of the class by which he is entitled to travel on duty, (b) for journeys by road or river the actual cost of transit, not exceeding the amount admissible under rule. The expenses for the return journey should be paid to the patient at Coonoor after the treatment is finished, by the treasury officer, at that station, on production of a discharge certificate from the Director of the institute.

(ii) An advance of one month's pay.

(iii) One month's casual leave, any leave required in excess being treated as privilege or sick leave. Provided that if the absence of such Government servant makes it necessary for a substitute to be appointed the period of absence up to one month may, under orders of Government, be treated as extra privilege leave instead of casual leave.

NOTE.—The words "not more than Rs. 100 a month" occurring in this rule and the word "pay" occurring in this and subsequent rules should be interpreted as referring to "monthly substantive pay" as defined in Article 33, Civil Service Regulations.

3. Any Government servant who has difficulty in finding at once the means to enable him to proceed to the Coonoor institute, and whose pay exceeds Rs. 100 but does not exceed Rs. 500 a month, may be granted an advance not exceeding the amount admissible under rule 2 (i), and may also be granted an advance of one month's pay and one month's casual leave, provided that if the absence of such Government servant makes it necessary for a substitute to be appointed, the period of absence up to one month may, under orders of Government, be treated as extra privilege leave and not as casual leave. Any further leave required should be sick leave.

4. Any Government servant drawing not more than Rs. 500 a month may, if a member of his family is bitten by a rabid animal and he has difficulty in finding at once the means of sending him or her to the Pasteur Institute, Coonoor, be granted an advance not exceeding the actual travelling expenses admissible under rule 2 (i) *plus* one month's pay.

5. Government servants drawing more than Rs. 25 *per mensem* proceeding to the Pasteur Institute for treatment should bear the cost of their maintenance both during the journey and while under treatment at the institute. Those drawing not more than Rs. 25 *per mensem* are entitled to maintenance allowance during treatment as well as during the journey to and from the Pasteur Institute at the rates of daily allowance admissible to officers of the third and fourth classes as the case may be under Article 1063 of Civil Service Regulations.

6. The officers of the Madras Presidency mentioned in Appendix A are authorized to grant the abovementioned concessions to Government servants employed under them or subject to their authority.

7. The despatch of every Government servant to the Coonoor institute for treatment should at once be reported to the officer immediately superior to the officer by whom the patient is sent, and by that officer, if he is not the head of the department, to the head of the department. Where the head of the department himself sends the person, no further report will be required. A report should

also at once be made direct to the Director of the Pasteur Institute, Coonoor, stating—

- (a) the class to which the patient has been treated as belonging for the purpose of travelling allowance;
- (b) the amount of travelling allowance (by rail, road or river) advanced; and
- (c) the number of days for which and the rate at which maintenance allowance has been advanced.

NOTE.—No amount can be drawn from the Coonoor sub-treasury until this information is received at the Pasteur Institute.

8. The Director's discharge certificate should be prepared in duplicate; one copy of it should be despatched by him to the Government servant responsible for the original advance, and the other copy should be attached to the bill for the travelling allowance for the return journey which will be presented for payment at the Coonoor treasury.

9. The bill for travelling allowance for the return journey should be at the same rates as were allowed for the journey to the institute and should also be supported by the original intimation received from the officer who is responsible for the original advance. Maintenance charges for days spent at Coonoor and for the days of the return journey may be advanced on separate bills drawn by the Director, who will certify thereon the class to which the patient belongs and the number of days that he was under treatment or that will be occupied in the journey.

10. The travelling and maintenance allowances of Government servants who are paid from Imperial and Provincial funds should be debited to a special detailed head, viz., 32. MISCELLANEOUS—*Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges*—Charges for the treatment of patients at the Pasteur Institute. The travelling and maintenance allowances of servants of Port and Marine funds administered by Government should be debited to the funds from which their salaries are met. Any recoveries of overdrawals to be effected in consequence of a Government servant having been allowed travelling allowance in excess of that to which he was entitled will be made by the Accountant-General.

11. All advances made to Government servants under rules 2, 3 and 4 should ordinarily be recovered in three equal monthly instalments as provided in Article 137 (b) of the Civil Account Code. But

Surgeon-General.
Inspector-General of Prisons.
Do of Police.
Do of Registration.
Right Reverend the Bishop of Madras.
Presidency Port Officer.
Director of Public Instruction.
Chief Engineer, Public Works Department.
Sanitary Commissioner.

in special cases where it is considered that the enforcement of the rule would cause hardship, the Local Government, or the Honorable the Judges of the High Court, the Board of Revenue, and the officers named in the margin, who have been specially empowered in that behalf, may sanction the repayment of an advance

in more than three, but not more than twelve instalments.

II.—CONCESSIONS TO INDIGENT PERSONS NOT EMPLOYED IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

12. Any indigent person domiciled in British India not employed in the public service who has been bitten by a rabid animal, and who, in the opinion of any officer authorized to grant the concession, is unable to proceed to the Pasteur Institute, Coonoor, for treatment at his own expense, may be granted his actual travelling expenses to Coonoor and back, viz., (a) a single third class fare each way by railway, (b) for journeys by road or river the actual cost of transit; (c) maintenance allowance at the following daily rates.—

Europeans and Eurasians, one rupee during the journey and Rs. 2-8-0 during treatment; Indians, four annas during the journey and six annas during treatment.

Provided that for the purpose of this rule no person or member of the family of a person who pays more than Rs. 50. as *kist* per annum or whose income from any other source than land exceeds Rs. 15 *per mensem* shall ordinarily be classed as

indigent; nor shall any person be classed as indigent who has at the time or can obtain from relatives the means of paying his expenses.

A list of the officers in the Madras Presidency authorized to grant this concession is given in Appendix B.

13. A third class pass or ticket from the patient's station to Coonoor by the shortest and cheapest route on the terms allowed by the Railway Companies will be procured for the patient by the officer who despatches him to Coonoor. The Director, Pasteur Institute, Coonoor, will make similar arrangements for the patient's return journey after treatment.

Assam-Bengal Railway.	
Baraset Basirhat Railway.	
Barsi Light Railway.	
Bengal-Dooars Railway.	
Bengal-Nagpur Railway.	
Bhavnagar Railway.	(Formerly known as Bhavnagar-Gondal- Juniagad-Porbandar Railway.)
Gondal-Porbandar Railway.	
Juniagad-Railway.	
Jamnagar Railway.	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.	
Bukhtiarpur-Bihar Railway.	
Burma Railways.	
Dholpur-Bari Railway.	
Eastern Bengal State Railway.	
East Indian Railway.	
Great Indian Peninsula Railway.	
His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed Railway.	
Howrah-Amtah Railway.	
Howrah-Sheakhala Railway.	
Jodhpur-Bikanir Railway.	
Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway.	
North-Western State Railway.	
Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway.	
Shahdara Saharanpur Light Railway.	
South Indian Railway.	
Udaipur-Chitorgarh Railway.	
Morvi Railway (3rd class tickets issued at half-fares.)	

14. The railways, parties to the Indian Railway Conference Association, which are noted on the margin, allow concessions to indigent patients and their attendants proceeding to the Pasteur Institute at Coonoor for anti-rabic treatment under the conditions noted below.

- (a) an indigent person not in the public service (together with one attendant, when such indigent person is a woman or is a child under 16 years of age, or is a man who, by reason of age or other sufficient cause, is incapable of travelling alone), will be granted third class tickets free of charge.
- (b) tickets for the return journey will be issued on production of a certificate signed by the authorities of the Pasteur Institute;
- (c) only one attendant as above will be allowed with each patient or each party of patients of the same family;
- (d) the requisition for tickets must have the impression of the official seal of the office from which issued; it must be signed by one of the authorities mentioned in Appendix B.

Erasures and alterations in a requisition must be initialled by the issuing officer.

- (e) A certificate in the form printed as Appendix C should be filled in by the despatching officer and presented to the station master when application is made for the grant of free third class tickets or passes to Coonoor.

15. The patient may be paid in advance the actual cost of transit for journeys by road or by river, when necessary, and maintenance allowance for the period of his journey to Coonoor. He should take with him to Coonoor and produce before the Director of the institute a certificate signed by the officer despatching him that he has been sent to the institute for treatment at the expense of Provincial revenues or by Local or Municipal Funds.

16. The maintenance allowance of the patient while under treatment at Coonoor and for the period of the return journey, and also, if necessary, the cost of

transit for journeys by road or by river on the return journey, will be disbursed by the Director, Pasteur Institute, Coonoor, in the first instance and subsequently recovered from the sub-treasury, Coonoor, on production of a discharge certificate.

17. The Director's discharge certificate should be prepared in duplicate. One copy should be despatched by him to the Government servant responsible for the original advance, and the other should be attached to the bill for travelling allowance for the return journey when presented for payment at the Coonoor treasury.

18. The bill for travelling allowance for the return journey should be at the same rates as were allowed for the journey to the institute and should be supported by the intimation received from the officer responsible for the original advance.

19. Maintenance charges for days spent at Coonoor and for the days of the return journey may be advanced on separate bills drawn by the Director who will certify thereon the days that the patient was under treatment or that will be occupied in the journey.

20. Women, children under sixteen years of age, and men who are, by reason of age or other sufficient cause, incapable of travelling alone, may be allowed an attendant to accompany them to the institute at Coonoor. Any such attendant shall be granted—

- (i) travelling expenses and maintenance allowance at the rate sanctioned for patients; and
- (ii) wages, not exceeding four annas a day, in cases where the despatching officer is satisfied that the patient is unable to pay the daily expenses of the attendant.

[This concession is also admissible to Government servants (but not their families) drawing not more than Rs. 100 a month.]

The charges of the attendant will be borne by the fund to which the charges on account of the patient are debited. Only one attendant may be sent at the public expense with each patient or patients of the same family.

21. The despatch of each indigent person to Coonoor for treatment at the public expense should at once be reported to the Director of the institute; to the Chairman of the Municipal Council or the President of the Local Board concerned, if the area from which the patient is despatched is within the limits of a Municipal town or of a Local Board; and in every case a report should also at once be sent to the Accountant-General.

The report should state—

- (a) the amount of travelling allowance (by rail, road or river) advanced;
- (b) the number of days for which and the rate at which maintenance allowance has been advanced;
- (c) whether it is proposed that the cost should be borne by Provincial revenues or by Municipal or Local funds.

22. The expenses incurred in the treatment of indigent persons should be debited to—

- (a) *Municipal funds*, where the person sent resides within the limits of a municipality,
- (b) *Local funds*, where the residence is outside a municipality, but in a tract where the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, is in force,
- (c) *Provincial revenues*, in all other cases.

The expenditure under Provincial revenues should be debited to a special detailed head, viz., "32. MISCELLANEOUS.—*Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges*—Charges for the treatment of patients at the Pasteur Institute.

23. The Director may make advances to indigent persons who come to Coonoor at their own expense, but are unable to maintain themselves there or to pay for their return journey. The possibility of recovering these advances should then be investigated in the following manner. The Director should correspond direct with the officers in charge of the districts to which the patients, to whom

ORE GAZETTE, APRIL 3, 1913. [PART I.

place department.

ding the Commissioner of
the Deputy Commissioners

advances have been made, say they belong, and should ask investigation claims in respect of the advances made over these claims as soon as they are satisfied that advances actually belong to their district. The Director should have done so. The Director should treasury, producing the district should then be passed 24, 08, amounts advanced are re. which is found to be irregular, be debited to the provision. Misc.

- higher rank subordinate to them.
ranks of Assistant Engineers
(3) Government Railway surgeons and apothecaries.
(4) Officers in charge of Survey parties.

Revenue department.

- (1) Collectors.
- (2) Divisional-officers.
- (3) Tahsildars (including Land Records Tahsildars).
- (4) Deputy Tahsildars in independent charge.
- (5) Heads of public offices in Madras.
- (6) Officers of and above the rank of Extra Assistant Conservators in the Forest department.
- (7) Officers in the Executive line of and above the rank of Assistant Inspector in the Separate Revenue department.
- (8) Gazetted officers of the Agricultural department, *viz.*, the Deputy Directors, the Principal, Coimbatore Agricultural College, the Agricultural Chemist, the Government Botanist and the Assistant Directors.
- (9) Officers of and above the rank of Assistant Director in the Survey department and Sub-Assistants of Survey.
- (10) Officers in charge of Settlement parties and Supervisors and temporary Supervisors employed in the Settlement department.

Financial department.

- (1) The Accountant-General and Commissioner of Paper Currency.
- (2) The Superintendent of Stationery.
- (3) The Postmaster-General.

Educational department.

- (1) The Director of Public Instruction and Commissioner for Government Examinations.
- (2) The Deputy Director of Public Instruction.
- (3) The Superintendent, Government Central Museum.
- (4) Inspectors of schools.
- (5) Inspectresses of Girls' schools.
- (6) Principals of Government colleges.
- (7) The Superintendent, School of Arts.

...ers empowered to give them or subject to the ...
...moor, for treatment.

Ecclesiastical department.

- (1) The Right Reverend the Bishop of Madras.
- (2) The Venerable the Archdeacon.
- (3) The Presidency Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland.
- (4) The Registrar of the Diocese.
- (5) All chaplains in charge of principal chaplain's stations and clergymen appointed to act for chaplains under Article 602, Civil Service Regulations.

Political department.

- (1) The Resident in Travancore and Cochin.
- (2) The Assistant Resident, Travancore and Cochin.
- (3) The Political Agent, Pudukkottai.
- (4) Do Banganapalle.
- (5) Do Sandur.
- (6) The Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends.

Marine department.

- (1) The Presidency Port Officer, Madras.
- (2) The Deputy Conservator of the Port of Madras.
- (3) Port officers and Port conservators.
- (4) The Agent for Government consignments.

Judicial department.

- (1) The Honourable the Judges of the High Court.
- (2) The City Civil Judge, Madras.
- (3) Judges of the Small Cause Court, Madras.
- (4) All Presidency Magistrates.
- (5) District Judges.
- (6) Sub-Judges.
- (7) District Munsifs.

Local and Municipal department.

- (1) The Sanitary Commissioner.
- (2) The Deputy Sanitary Commissioner.
- (3) The Sanitary Engineer.
- (4) The Director, King Institute of Preventive Medicine, Guindy.

Public department.

- (1) The Surgeon-General.
- (2) The President, Board of Examiners.
- (3) His Britannic Majesty's Consul at Pondicherry.
- (4) The Chemical Examiner.
- (5) The Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.
- (6) The Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.
- (7) The Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages.
- (8) The Protector of Emigrants.
- (9) Commissioned medical officers.
- (10) Civil surgeons.
- (11) Military assistant surgeons.
- (12) Civil assistant surgeons and civil apothecaries in independent charge of hospitals.
- (13) The Superintendent, Government Press.
- (14) The Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, Southern Circle.
- (15) The Assistant Archaeological Superintendent for Epigraphy.
- (16) The Persian and Hindustani Translator to Government.

Legislative Department.

- (17) The Tamil Translator to Government.
- (18) The Telugu do.
- (19) The Malayalam do.
- (20) The Kanarese do.

Postal department.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | <i>In the case of</i> |
| (1) Postmaster-General | any Superintendent or first class Head Postmaster. |
| (2) Superintendents of Post Offices. | any second class Head Postmaster, any Inspector, any official in a sub or branch office (other than a town, sub or branch office under the direct control of a first class Postmaster) or any overseer. |
| (3) Head Postmasters (1st class). | any official in a first class head office or the town sub and branch offices under the direct control of the first class Postmaster. |
| (4) Head Postmasters (2nd class). | any official (other than the Postmaster) in a second class head office. |
| (5) Inspectors of Post Offices. | any postman, village postman or runner or other inferior servant in an Inspector's sub-division. |
| (6) Superintendent, Railway Mail Service. | any Railway Mail Service official below the rank of Superintendent. |

APPENDIX B.

1. *List of officers empowered to grant concessions to indigent persons not employed in the public service to proceed to the Pasteur Institute, Coonoor, for treatment.*

- (1) Commissioned medical officers.
- (2) Civil surgeons.
- (3) Military assistant surgeons.
- (4) Civil assistant surgeons and civil apothecaries in independent charge of hospitals.

- (5) Collectors.
- (6) Divisional officers.
- (7) Tahsildars.
- (8) Deputy Tahsildars in independent charge.
- (9) Officers of the ~~as~~ department of and above the rank of Deputy Superintendent of Police.
- (10) Sub-Registrars.
- (11) Sub-Assistants of Survey.
- (12) Chairmen of Municipal Councils.

These officers will exercise their powers only when there is no medical officer present at the station.

2. *List of Railway officers empowered to issue certificates.*

I. Officers of the South Indian Railway Company mentioned below :—

- (1) Agent.
- (2) Secretary to Agent.
- (3) Chief Engineer.
- (4) District Engineers in charge of districts.
- (5) Assistant Engineers posted to districts.
- (6) Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent.
- (7) Deputy Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent.
- (8) District Locomotive and Carriage Superintendents in charge of districts.
- (9) District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent.
- (10) Assistant Locomotive and Carriage Superintendents.
- (11) Loco Electrical Engineer.
- (12) General Traffic Manager.
- (13) Deputy Traffic Managers.
- (14) District Traffic Superintendents in charge of districts.
- (15) Assistant Traffic Superintendents posted to districts.
- (16) Telegraph Superintendent.
- (17) Chief Auditor.
- (18) Superintendent of Stores.
- (19) Deputy Superintendent of Stores.
- (20) Assistant Superintendents of Stores.
- (21) Chief Medical Officer.
- (22) District Medical Officers in charge of districts.

II. All gazetted officers on the staff of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway.

APPENDIX C.

Requisition for tickets for indigent persons proceeding to or returning from the Pasteur Institute, Coonoor.

(To be signed by an authorized officer—*vide* Appendix B.

No

(Seal of office of issue.)

Station.....Date.....19 ..

To

THE STATION MASTER,

.....RAILWAY,,

.....Station.

Please issue to (name of patient with father's or husband's name) resident of village, taluk, district, * and ^{his}/_{her} attendant third class single journey tickets free of charge from Coonoor to Coonoor whither ^{he}/_{she} is proceeding ^{for}/_{after} anti-rabic treatment. ^{He}/_{She} is not in public service and is too poor to defray the railway fare.

* I have satisfied myself that the patient is unable to travel without an attendant.

(Signature).....

(Designation in full).....

(To be filled in by station staff.)

Third class ticket(s) No(s). $\frac{\text{has}}{\text{have}}$ been issued in connection with this requisition.

STATION.....

Date.....

Booking Clerk.

Note.—1. This requisition should be signed and issued by the officer granting the concession. Issuing officers should enter their designation in full to facilitate reference.

2. The requisition must be free from erasures of any kind and any alterations made therein must be initialled by the officer issuing it.

3. The requisition must bear the impression of the official seal of the office from which it is issued.

4. In the case of children under 16 years of age, women and infirm persons who are unable to take care of themselves, the railway concessions are extended also to the attendant. Only one attendant will be allowed with each patient or party of patients of the same family. If the patient is capable of travelling alone, the words under* should be scored out and initialled by the issuing officer.

5. The printed forms should be kept in safe custody and only issued under proper supervision.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

Heads of Departments and all other officers concerned are informed that notifications in the Gazette are to be accepted as disposing of all references regarding leave, appointments, transfers, powers and other personal questions affecting gazetted officers, as to which orders are gazetted by the Government in this Part of the Gazette, and that any subsidiary orders as to relief of their subordinates and the like, which such notifications necessitate, must be issued by them on receipt of the Gazette, as no other orders will be issued by Government.

No. R. 5253—L. R. 57-12-10, dated 27th March 1913.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. K. V. Anantaraman, B.A., Assistant Commissioner, attached to the Revenue Commissioner's Office, is granted privilege leave of absence for two months and fifteen days, with effect from the 18th March 1913.

2. Mr. N. Madhava Rao, B.A., B.L., Assistant Commissioner, Mysore District, is posted for duty in the Revenue Commissioner's Office during the absence of Mr. Anantaraman on leave or until further orders.

(To join on the expiry of the leave granted to him in Government Notification No. R. 4239—L. R. 110-12-2, dated the 12th February 1913.)

No. R. 5362—L. R. 126-12-2, dated 28th March 1913.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. C. Narayana Rao, B.A., B.L., Amildar of the Channarayapatna Taluk, is granted privilege leave of absence for three months from the date from which he may avail himself of it.

2. S. Soundararajengar, B.A., acting Deputy Amildar of Alur, is appointed to act as Amildar and 2nd Class Magistrate of the Channarayapatna Taluk and M. Chakrapani Rao, B.A., B.L., Sub-Registrar, Hassan, as Deputy Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Alur Sub-Taluk, during the above period or until further orders.

No. R. 5370—L. R. 88-12-6, dated 28th March 1913.

The privilege leave of absence for two months granted to Mr. M. N. Srinivasiengar, acting Amildar of the Heggaddevankote Taluk, in Government Notification No. R. 2500—L. R. 88-12-2, dated 5th November 1912, is hereby extended by one month.

2. The existing acting arrangement will continue.

No. R. 5424—Ft. 105-12-4, dated 29th March 1913.

The privilege leave for ten days granted to Mr. Y. Sitharamiah, B.A., Deputy Conservator of Forests and District Forest Officer, Bangalore District, in Notification No. R. 4594—Ft. 105-12-2, dated the 22nd February 1913, not having been availed of, is hereby cancelled.

No. R. 5439—L. R. 60-12-14, dated 29th March 1913.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. K. Chandy, Deputy Commissioner, is granted privilege leave of absence for two months, with effect from the 2nd April 1913 or other subsequent date from which he may avail himself of the same.

No. R. 5479—L. R. 134-12-4, dated 31st March 1913.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. R. Nanaswami Rao, Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Davangere Sub-Division, is granted privilege leave of absence for fifteen days, with effect from the 22nd March 1913.

No. R. 5481—L. R. 56-12-4, dated 1st April 1913.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. Ananda Rao S. Sirsi, B.A., LL.B., First Assistant to the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore, is granted privilege leave of absence for nineteen days, with effect from the date from which he may avail himself of it.

No. Fl. 5469—G. F. 151-12-9, dated 1st April 1913.

Under Article 172, Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. T. Satyaraja Chetty, B.A., Assistant Comptroller, is granted privilege leave of absence for fifteen days, with effect from the 26th March 1913, in continuation of the Easter holidays.

No. J. 2877—Police 154-12-5, dated 28th March 1913.

The privilege leave of absence for one month granted to Mr. S. M. Pritchard, Superintendent of Police, Kolar Gold Fields, in Notification No. J. 2320—Police 154-12-2, dated the 8th February 1913, is hereby extended by one month.

The acting arrangement already ordered will continue during the above period or until further orders.

No. R. 5366—L. R. 50-12-31, dated 28th March 1913.

T. Swaminatha Sastri, B.A., Deputy Amildar of the Turuvekere Sub-Taluk, is appointed to act as Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Gubbi Taluk, during the employment of Mr. M. Rama Rao, on other duty or until further orders.

2. S. Sitaramaia, B.A., Head of the Census Superintendent in Mysore, is appointed to act as Deputy 3rd Class Magistrate of the Turuvekere Sub-Taluk, during the employment of Mr. M. Rama Rao, on other duty or until further orders.

No. R. 5443—L. R. 60-12-15, dated 29th March 1913.

The following arrangements are ordered during the absence of Mr. K. Chandy, Deputy Commissioner, on leave:—

- (1) Mr. K. Matthan, B.A., Special Magistrate, Kolar Gold Fields, to act as Deputy Commissioner and District Magistrate, Chitaldrug, till relieved by Mr. B. J. Kumaraswami Naik, under orders of transfer to that district. (To join forthwith.)
- (2) Mr. T. Chokkanna, B.A., Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Malur Sub-Division, Kolar District, to act as Special Magistrate, Kolar Gold Fields.
- (3) Mr. B. C. Krishna Sastri, Amildar, Kolar Taluk, to act as Assistant Commissioner, 5th Class, Schedule B, and be in charge of the Malur Sub-Division.

No. R. 5534—Ft. 102-12-2, dated 2nd April 1913.

Mr. M. Venkatanarasappa, B.A., Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests in charge of the Hunsur Range, is appointed Personal Assistant to the Conservator of Forests in Mysore.

No. R. 5436—L. R. 91-12-2, dated 29th March 1913.

The following transfers of Deputy Commissioners are ordered in the interests of the public service:—

1. Mr. K. Chandy, B.A., Deputy Commissioner, from the Mysore to the Bangalore District. (To join after the expiry of two months' leave.)
2. Mr. B. J. Kumaraswami Naik, B.A., Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, from the Bangalore to the Chitaldrug District. (To join after relief by Mr. Chandy.)
3. Mr. A. Subramanya Iyer, B.A., Officiating Deputy Commissioner, from the Kadur to the Mysore District. (To join forthwith.)
4. Mr. K. Krishna Iyer, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, from the Chitaldrug to the Kadur District. (To join forthwith.)

No. 7738—Med. 60-12-27, dated 28th March 1913.

The following transfers of officers in the Medical Department are ordered in the interests of the public service:—

Name	Rank	From	To	Remarks
Mr. B. D. Raghavendra Rao	Surgeon, 3rd Class	Medical charge, Head-quarter Establishment.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Tumkur District.	To join forthwith.
„ C. Appadurai Mudaliar	Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Tumkur District.	To do duty in the General Hospital, Mysore.	To join on relief.
„ C. Rajaram Rao	Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class.	Resident Medical Officer, General Hospital, Mysore.	District Medical Officer, Mysore District.	During the absence of Mr. Mahomed Usman on other duty.
„ S. Subba Rao	Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class (on probation).	Doing duty in the General Hospital, Mysore.	To be Resident Medical Officer, General Hospital, Mysore.	
„ S. K. Hanumantha Rao	Assistant Surgeon, 3rd Class.	District Hospital, Shimoga.	Victoria Hospital, Bangalore.	

No. R. 5465—L. R. 9-12-178, dated 31st March 1913.

Mr. A. K. Syed Taj Peeran, B.A., Assistant Commissioner, handed over and Mr. V. R. Thyagaraja Iyer, M.A., Senior Assistant Commissioner, appointed to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, received charge of the Tumkur District and Treasury in the afternoon of the 15th March 1913.

No. G. 2774—G. M. 208-12-1, dated 25th November 1912.

When he is in Bangalore and has no special engagements, the Dewan will be glad to receive visitors in the Council Chamber of the Public Offices, between 3-30 and 5 P.M., on Tuesdays and Thursdays; and at his residence, between 8 and 10 A.M., on Fridays, public holidays excepted.

He will also see visitors on private business, at his residence, on Fridays between 8 and 10 A.M.

While on tour, visitors will usually be received between the hours of 3-30 and 5 P.M., unless specially notified otherwise.

The Petition Box kept at the General and Revenue Secretariat, Bangalore, will be cleared at 12 noon every day by the Secretary to Government, and in his absence from Bangalore, by one of the Under-Secretaries.

By Order,
K. R. SRINIVASIENGAR,
Officiating Secretary to Government,
General and Revenue Departments.